# AGRISORT

AUTOMATED SORTING OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

GROUP 11 UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT DALLAS PRAHARSHA K NATHAN PUSKURI BIMLENDRA RAY

# INTRODUCTION

### OVERVIEW:

 Automated system utilizing a <u>Fetch manipulator</u> for <u>sorting fruits and vegetables into</u> bins.

## TECHNOLOGY USED

- ROS (Robot Operating System) and Gazebo for implementation and simulation
- AWS Rekognition

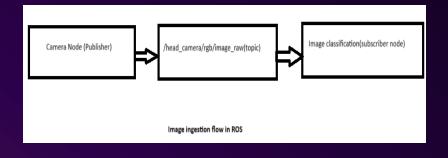
# MOTIVATION

- Modernize agricultural sorting processes
- Enhance productivity and reduce reliance on manual labor
- Minimize food waste and operational costs



WHERE DO WE GET THE IMAGES FROM?

# PUBLISH-SUBSCRIBE ARCHITECTURE



- A messaging pattern
- Publishers send messages to communication channel (topic)
- subscribers listen to messages from the channel

#### Topics in ROS:

- /head\_camera/rgb/image\_raw for raw color images.
- /head\_camera/depth/image\_raw for raw depth data.
- /head\_camera/camera\_info for camera calibration details.

# REALTIME IMAGES



# **AWS REKOGNITION**

- 1. Cloud-based Image and video analysis service that helps computers understand what's inside an image
- 2. Can identify objects, people, text, scenes, people and more

#### **Steps:**

- 1. Send an image through API call
- 2. Image processing
- 3. Get labels and confidence scores

```
"Labels":
    "Name": "Apple",
    "Confidence": 98.6
  },
    "Name": "Banana",
    "Confidence": 92.3
```



Choose a sample image





Use your own image

→ Upload or drag and drop

Image must be .jpeg or .png format and no larger than

Check whether we support your label

Q Enter a label name

#### ▼ Results

99.9 % 99.9 % 99.9 %
99.9 %
00.0 %
99.9 %
99.9 %
99.8 %

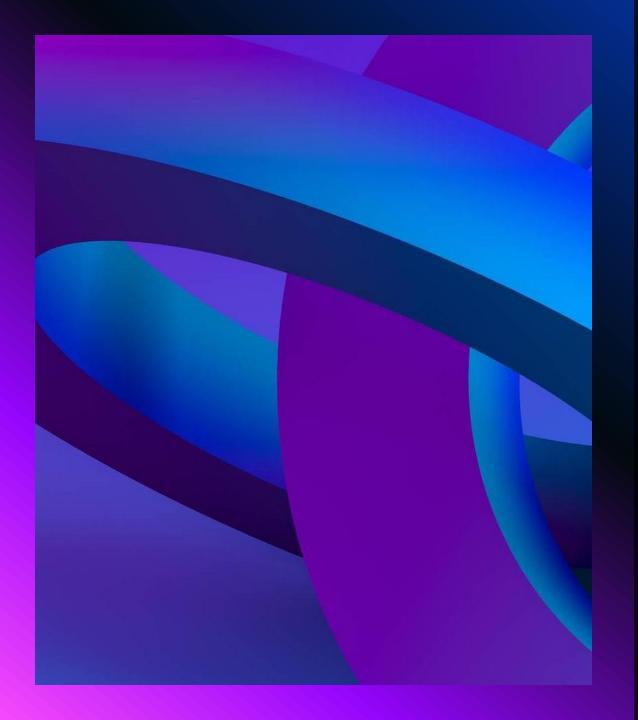
#### ► Request

#### **▶** Response

```
# Initialize the ROS node
rospy.init node('camera image saver', anonymous=True)
# Define the image topic to subscribe to
image topic = "/head camera/rgb/image raw"
# Create a subscriber to the image topic
rospy.Subscriber(image topic, Image, image callback)
# Keep the script running to listen for incoming messages
rospy.spin()
```

```
rekognition client = boto3.client('rekognition',
                                  region name='us-east-1',
                                  aws access key id=aws access key id,
                                  aws secret access key=aws secret access key)
```

```
# Call AWS Rekognition to detect labels in the image
response = rekognition client.detect labels(
    Image={'Bytes': image bytes},
    MaxLabels=10, # Maximum number of labels to return
    MinConfidence=75 # Confidence threshold (optional)
labels = [label['Name'].lower() for label in response['Labels']]
```



How we achieved classification?

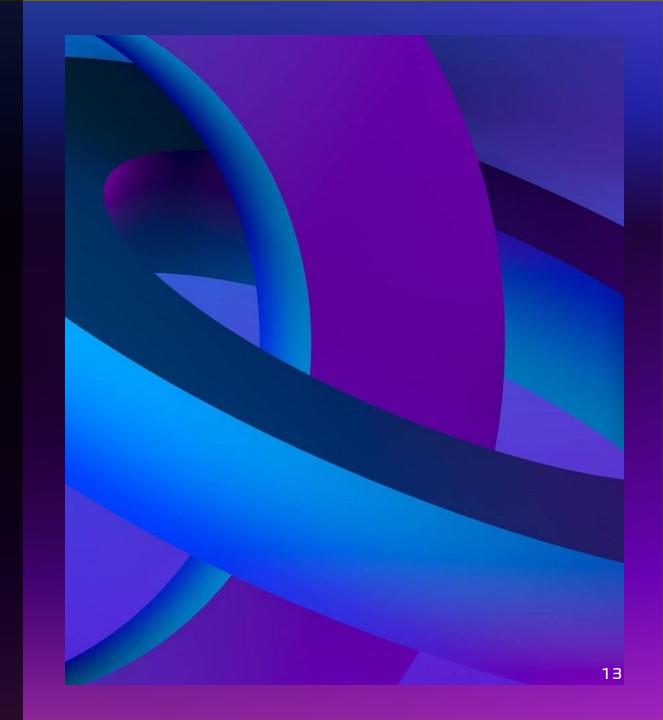
- Captured the environment using the Fetch robot's front camera.
- Used the AWS Rekognition API to classify objects in the captured images.

# MOVING THE OBJECTS

Inverse Kinematics/ Movelt

# DEMO

HTTPS://YOUTU.BE/VV4QKLCOZDG



# CHALLENGES

#### Grasplt

Image classification

- Frozen camera view from ROS topic
- Object detection accuracy depends on orientation of object

# THANK YOU